Culturally Responsive Pedagogy: Self-Assessment Rubric (Post-assessment, with links)

Introduction

This rubric was developed for the year-long Culturally Responsive Pedagogy Training at Minneapolis College and is based primarily on the work of Zaretta Hammond, which is the text that forms the spine of the training. We hope that after the course, it can continue to support your professional equity journey. The facilitator of this Short Course would love your feedback on the usefulness of the form, as well as any additions you can contribute.

Hammond. Culturally Responsive Teaching and the Brain. Corwin, 2015.

Instructions

Step 1. Reflect on the equity gaps in your own courses and keep those gaps in the forefront of your thinking as you complete step 2.

Step 2. Mark the box that matches most closely your current level of engagement with the listed best practices for decreasing equity gaps and increasing student success. There are blank boxes for you to add additional practices. Please share your best practices with our facilitator so we can continue to improve this tool.

Step 3. Create a plan for shifting your teaching practices based on Step 1 and 2. Note that if you find there is work for you to do in the "Awareness" section, this self-work is foundational for the work in the other categories. Resources are linked in the document to help support you on your equity journey. Finally, please note that the tool is meant to be comprehensive and we encourage you to start small, perhaps by exploring a single row that especially grabs your interest or meets the needs of your students.

			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Yes, and I could	Yes, this is an	Not yet a part of	I do not yet have
Best Practices for inclusive teaching, reducing equity gaps,	support others	element of my	my practice, but I	knowledge about
and increasing course success	successfully	current teaching	know at least a bit	how this fits into
	engaging in this	practice	about this	equity projects
Awareness: engaging in self-work on equity, systematic oppression and culture; placing instruction within the				
larger sociopolitical context			-	
I have taken the IDI (<u>Intercultural Development Inventory</u>) in				
order to understand my intercultural development. (At				
Minneapolis College this inventory is offered free of charge				
to faculty and staff.)				
I have taken steps to progress toward greater intercultural				
competence (see above).				
I have taken <u>assessments</u> to uncover my implicit biases.				
I have taken actions to reduce my implicit biases and I have				
taken explicit steps to reduce potential harm to students. A				
helpful reading: <u>Blindspot</u> .				
I have developed a working understanding of structural				
racism and other oppressions and the variety of ways these				
are present in educational (and other, intersecting,)				
systems. Some helpful readings. <u>Racism Without Racists</u> .				
The New Jim Crow. Stamped from the Beginning.				
I have taken steps to reduce the negative consequences of				
structural oppression in my classes. Resources from				
EdChange: <u>20 Things</u> . <u>11 Things</u> . <u>5 Paradigm Shifts</u> . <u>7</u>				
Characteristics. 10 Commitments. 5 Paradigm Adjustments.				
I have <u>explored my own culture</u> and how it influences my				
identity, my relationships, my assumptions, etc.				
I have incorporated <u>oral and written cultures</u> in my classes.				
An <u>assessment</u> to help.				

I understand how oppression and trauma impede the				
potential of students (and professors). Some helpful guides:				
Samhsa Manual. Trauma Informed Practices for				
Post-secondary Education.				
I have incorporated trauma-responsive practices into my teaching (see above).				
I reflect on potential alternate explanations for student				
behavior that I find problematic. A process to help.				
I have identified triggers that push my buttons and have				
developed strategies to manage my emotions so that I can				
remain calm and supportive in the classroom.				
I have incorporated materials from diverse communities in				
my class, enabling students to view concepts, issues, events,				
and themes from the perspective of diverse ethnic and				
cultural groups. Some helpful readings: 1) <u>What a Course</u> will Look Like after Multicultural Change, 2) Windows and				
Mirrors.				
I have an action component to my class: students make				
decisions on important social issues and take actions to help				
solve them.				
For more on the above see chapters 1-4 of Hammond				
•				

Community Building: establishing an environment of care, support, and belonging				
I understand how stress and trauma impede learning and				
incorporate strategies to create a learning environment in				
which students (and I) can maintain a state of relaxed focus.				
(At Minneapolis College: See Mindful Campus, Thriving				
Campus, a D2L course focusing on faculty and staff				
mindfulness toward equity. Contact jenny sippel for more				
information.) Some helpful guides on trauma: <u>Samhsa</u>				
Manual. Trauma Informed Practices for Post-secondary				
Education. Live Within Your Window of Tolerance.				
I understand the mechanisms of stereotype threat and				
incorporate <u>strategies</u> to increase students' sense of				
belonging and decrease their sense of identity threat.				
Claude Steele on ST. Whistling Vivaldi.				
I understand the mechanisms of microaggressions and am				
comfortable using practices to repair damage caused by				
them; I use micro-affirmations to affirm students' identities.				
Microaggressions in Everyday Life.				
I build community in the classroom throughout the				
semester, <u>starting on day one</u> (or before!)				
I use <u>trust generators</u> to build rapport with students.				
I create learning partnerships with students.				
I create <u>routines</u> , <u>rituals</u> , <u>and environments</u> that increase				
students' sense of belonging.				

For more on the abo	ve see chapters 5, 6,	and 10 of Hammond		
Learning Partnerships: creating social-emotiona	l partnerships fo	r deeper learnin	g	
I am a <u>warm demander</u> , showing my students I care about				
them and believe they can succeed at my high expectations.				
I support my students by teaching them the basic tools for				
independent learning. <u>Small Teaching</u> . <u>How Learning Works</u> .				
Make it Stick. Teach Students how to Learn.				
For every learning outcome I use:				
rubrics (see, for example: <u>AACU rubrics)</u>				
<u>"Wise" feedback</u>				
Low stakes, formative assessments. Learning				
Assessment Techniques				
I create alliances with students who need support to				
become more independent learners; together we create				
pacts with specific goals, plans with small steps to meet				
goals, timelines, progress check-ins, and revisions to plans if necessary.				
I allow students to make creative contributions to the				
course, expanding the knowledge from my discipline and/or				
building materials to help future students. Helpful blog				
posts: 1) Open Pedagogy. 2) What is Open Pedagogy?				

For more on the al	 	nd 6 of Hommond		
For more on the above see chapters 5 and 6 of Hammond				
Information Processing: expanding intellective of	capacity through	knowledge of cu	litural elements	of brain science
I have an understanding of <u>the mechanisms of learning</u> and				
use this understanding in classroom environment, policies,				
activities, and assessments. <u>Small Teaching</u> . <u>How Learning</u>				
Works. Make it Stick. Teach Students how to Learn.				
I frame mistakes as information and as essential to all				
learning.				
I scaffold learning. <u>How Learning Works</u> . <u>Make it Stick</u> .				
Teach Students how to Learn.				
I teach students about growth mindset and infuse practices				
to support students' developing positive narratives about				
their own learning potential. For more: Mindset				
I counter dominant, oppressive messages about the				
academic potential of students based on				
cultural/gender/ability stereotypes. I do this in my course				
materials, environment, images, etc.				
I have a focus on social elements of learning (small and				
large group work; discussion; creativity; and student agency				
in generating course policies, activities, materials, etc.)				

For more on the above see Ch. 7-9 of Hammond.